Chapter 14

LICENSES

Article I. In General

Secs. 14-1—14-18. Reserved.

Article II. Business Licenses

Division 1. Generally

Sec.	14-19.	License required.				
Sec.	14-20.	Definitions.				
Sec.	14-21.	Purpose and duration.				
Sec.	14-22.	License fee.				
Sec.	14-23.	Registration required.				
Sec.	14-24.	Deductions, exemptions, and charitable organizations.				
Sec.	14-25.	False application unlawful.				
Sec.	14-26.	Display and transfer.				
Sec.	14-27.	Administration of article.				
Sec.	14-28.	Inspection and audits.				
Sec.	14-29.	Assessments, payment under protest, appeal.				
Sec.	14-30.	Delinquent license fees, partial payment.				
Sec.	14-31.	Notices.				
Sec.	14-32.	Denial of license.				
Sec.	14-33.	Suspension or revocation of license.				
Sec.	14-34.	Appeals to council.				
Sec.	14-35.	Permission to use streets required.				
Sec.	14-36.	Consent, franchise or business license fee required.				
Sec.	14-37.	Confidentiality.				
Sec.	14-38.	Violations.				
Sec.	14-39.	Separability.				
Sec.	14-40.	Classification and rates.				
Secs. 14-41—14-50. Reserved.						
		Division 2. Retail Telecommunication Services				

Sec.	14-51.	License tax.			
Sec.	14-52.	Repeal of exemptions concerning business income from interstate commerce.			
Sec.	14-53.	Non-interference with franchise agreements.			
Sec.	14-54.	Collection by state municipal association.			
Sec.	14-55.	Conflict; repealer.			
Secs. 14-56—14-64. Reserved.					

Article III. Parades and Processions

Sec.	14-65.	Definitions.
Sec.	14-66.	Violations.
Sec.	14-67.	Permit required.

GAFFNEY MUNICIPAL CODE

Sec.	14-68.	Application.
Sec.	14-69.	Standards for issuance.
Sec.	14-70.	Notice of rejection.
Sec.	14-71.	Alternative permit.
Sec.	14-72.	Appeal procedure.
Sec.	14-73.	Notice to officials.
Sec.	14-74.	Closing streets to normal traffic.
Sec.	14-75.	Contents of permit.
Sec.	14-76.	Possession of permit.
Sec.	14-77.	Public conduct during parades.
Sec.	14-78.	Revocation of permit.
Secs	14-79-1	4-100. Reserved.

Article IV. Alcoholic Beverage Licenses

Sec. 14-101. Prohibited hours of operation.

Sec. 14-102. Revocation of licenses for violation of section 14-101.

ARTICLE I. IN GENERAL

Secs. 14-1-14-18. Reserved.

ARTICLE II. BUSINESS LICENSES

DIVISION 1. GENERALLY

Sec. 14-19. License required.

Every person engaged or intending to engage in any calling, business, occupation or profession listed in the rate classification index portion of this article, in whole or in part, within the limits of the city, is required to pay an annual license fee for the privilege of doing business and obtain a business license as herein provided.

Sec. 14-20. Definitions.

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this article, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Business means a calling, occupation, profession, or activity engaged in with the object of gain, benefit or advantage, either directly or indirectly.

Charitable purpose means benevolent, philanthropic, patriotic, or eleemosynary purpose which does not result in personal gain to a sponsor, organizer, officer, director, trustee or person with ultimate control of the organization. A charitable organization shall be deemed a business subject to a license tax unless the entire net proceeds of its operation, after necessary expenses, are devoted to charitable purposes. Compensation in any form to a sponsor, organizer, officer, director, trustee or person with ultimate control of the organization shall not be deemed a necessary expense of operation.

Classification means that division of businesses by major groups subject to the same license rate as determined by a calculated index of ability to pay based on national averages, benefits, equalization of tax burden, relationships of services, or other basis deemed appropriate by the city council.

Gross income means the total income of a business, received or accrued, for one calendar year collected or to be collected from business done within the city, excepting therefrom income from business done wholly outside of the city on which a license tax is paid to some other city or a county and fully reported to the city. Gross income for brokers or agents means gross commissions received or retained, unless otherwise specified. Gross income for insurance companies means gross premiums collected. Gross income for business license tax purposes shall not include taxes collected for a governmental entity, escrow funds, or funds which are the property of a third party. The value of bartered goods or trade-in merchandise shall be

included in gross income. The gross income for business license purposes may be verified by inspection of returns and reports filed with the Internal Revenue Service, the state department of revenue, the state insurance commission, or other government agency.

License official means a person designated to administer this article.

Person means any individual, firm, partnership, LLP, LLC, cooperative nonprofit membership, corporation, joint venture, association, estate, trust, business trust, receiver, syndicate, holding company, or other group or combination acting as a unit, in the singular or plural, and the agent or employee having charge or control of a business in the absence of the principals.

Sec. 14-21. Purpose and duration.

The business license levied by this article is for the purpose of providing such regulation as may be required for the business subject thereto and for the purpose of raising revenue for the general fund through a privilege tax. Each license shall be issued for one year and shall expire on June 30. The provisions of this article and the rates herein shall remain in effect from year to year as amended by council.

Sec. 14-22. License fee.

- (a) The required license fee shall be paid for each business subject hereto according to the applicable rate classification on or before June 30 of each year, except for those businesses in Rate Class 8 for which a different due date is specified.
- (b) A separate license shall be required for each place of business and for each classification or business conducted at one place. If gross income cannot be separated for classifications at one location, the license fee shall be computed on the combined gross income for the classification requiring the highest rate. A license fee based on gross income shall be computed on the gross income for the preceding calendar or fiscal year, and on a 12-month projected income based on the monthly average for a business in operation for less than one year. The fee for a new business shall be computed on the estimated probable gross income stated in the license application for the balance of the license year. The initial fee for an annexed business shall be prorated for the number of months remaining in the license year. No refund shall be made for a business that is discontinued.

Sec. 14-23. Registration required.

(a) The owner, agent or legal representative of every business subject to this article, whether listed in the classification index or not, shall register the business and make application for a business license on or before the due date of each year; provided that a new business shall be required to have a business license prior to operation within the city. A license for a bar must be issued in the name of the individual who has been issued a state ABC license and will have actual control and management of the business.

- (b) Application shall be on a form provided by the license official which shall contain the Social Security number and/or the federal employer's identification number, the business name as reported on the state income tax return, and all information about the applicant and the business deemed appropriate to carry out the purpose of this article by the license official. Applicants may be required to submit copies of portions of state and federal income tax returns reflecting gross income figures.
- (c) The applicant shall certify under oath that the information given in the application is true, that the gross income is accurately reported, or estimated for a new business, without any unauthorized deductions, and that all assessments and personal property taxes on business property due and payable to the city have been paid.
- (d) Insurance agents and brokers shall report the name of each insurance company for which a policy was issued and the total premiums collected for each company for each type of insurance coverage on a form approved by the license official. An insurance agent not employed by a company shall be licensed as a broker.

Sec. 14-24. Deductions, exemptions, and charitable organizations.

- (a) No deductions from gross income shall be made except income from business done wholly outside of the city on which a license tax is paid to some other municipality or a county, taxes collected for a governmental entity, or income which cannot be included for computation of the tax pursuant to state or federal law. The applicant shall have the burden to establish the right to exempt income by satisfactory records and proof.
- (b) No person shall be exempt from the requirements of this article by reason of the lack of an established place of business within the city, unless exempted by state or federal law. The license official shall determine the appropriate classification for each business. No person shall be exempt from this article by reason of the payment of any other tax, unless exempted by state law, and no person shall be relieved of liability for payment of any other tax by reason of application of this article.
- (c) Charitable organizations which have exemptions from state and federal income taxes shall be exempt from a business license tax only in cases where the sponsors, organizers, directors, trustees, or persons who exercise ultimate control of the organization receive no part of the proceeds of operation, and all proceeds are devoted to charitable purposes as defined by this article. Payment of necessary costs of operation and wages to non-management employees will not disqualify a charitable organization from exemption.

Sec. 14-25. False application unlawful.

It shall be unlawful for any person subject to the provisions of this article to make a false application for a business license, or to give or file, or direct the giving or filing of any false information with respect to the license or fee required by this article.

Sec. 14-26. Display and transfer.

- (a) All persons shall display the license issued to them on the original form provided by the license official in a conspicuous place in the business establishment at the address shown on the license. A transient or nonresident shall carry the license upon his person or in a vehicle used in the business readily available for inspection by any authorized agent of the city.
- (b) A change of address must be reported to the license official within ten days after removal of the business to a new location and the license will be valid at the new address upon written notification by the license official and compliance with zoning and building codes. Failure to obtain the approval of the license official for a change of address shall invalidate the license and subject the licensee to prosecution for doing business without a license. A business license shall not be transferable and a transfer of controlling interest shall be considered a termination of the old business and the establishment of a new business requiring a new business license, based on old business income.

Sec. 14-27. Administration of article.

The license official shall administer the provisions of this article, collect license fees, issue licenses, make or initiate investigations and audits to ensure compliance, initiate denial or revocation procedures, report violations to the city attorney, assist in prosecution of violators, produce forms, make reasonable regulations relating to the administration of this article, and perform such other duties as may be duly assigned.

Sec. 14-28. Inspection and audits.

- (a) For the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this article, the license official or other authorized agent of the city is empowered to enter upon the premises of any person subject to this article to make inspections, examine and audit books and records. It shall be unlawful for any such person to fail or refuse to make available the necessary books and records. In the event an audit or inspection reveals that the licensee has filed false information, the costs of the audit shall be added to the correct license fee and late penalties in addition to other penalties provided herein. Each day of failure to pay the proper amount of license fee shall constitute a separate offense.
- (b) The license official shall make systematic inspections and random audits of all businesses within the city to ensure compliance with this article. Financial information obtained by inspections and audits shall not be deemed public records, and the license official shall not release the amount of license taxes paid or the reported gross income of any person by name without written permission of the licensee. Statistics compiled by classifications are public records.

Sec. 14-29. Assessments, payment under protest, appeal.

(a) If a person fails to obtain a business license or to furnish the information required by this article or the license official, the license official shall examine such records of the business or any other available records as may be appropriate, and conduct such investigations and statistical surveys as the license official may deem appropriate to assess a license tax and penalties as provided herein.

- (b) A notice of assessment shall be served by certified mail. An application for adjustment of the assessment may be made to the license official within five days after the notice is mailed or the assessment will become final. The license official shall establish by regulation the procedure for hearing an application for adjustment of assessment and issuing a notice of final assessment.
- (c) A final assessment may be appealed to the city council only by payment in full of the assessment under protest within five days and the filing of written notice of appeal within ten days after payment pursuant to the provisions of this article relating to appeals to council.

Sec. 14-30. Delinquent license fees, partial payment.

- (a) For nonpayment of all or any part of the correct license fee, the license official shall levy and collect a late penalty of ten percent of the unpaid fee for each month or portion thereof after the due date until paid. Penalties shall not be waived. If any license fee remains unpaid for 60 days after its due date, the license official shall report it to the city attorney for appropriate legal action.
- (b) Partial payment may be accepted by the license official to toll imposition of penalties on the portion paid; provided, however, no business license shall be issued or renewed until the full amount of the tax due, with penalties, has been paid.

Sec. 14-31. Notices.

The license official may, but shall not be required to, mail written notices that license fees are due. If notices are not mailed, there shall be published a notice of the due date in a newspaper of general circulation within the city three times prior to the due date in each year. Failure to receive notice shall not constitute a defense to prosecution for failure to pay the tax due or grounds for waiver of penalties.

Sec. 14-32. Denial of license.

The license official shall deny a license to an applicant when the application is incomplete, contains a misrepresentation, false or misleading statement, evasion or suppression of a material fact, or when the activity for which a license is sought is unlawful or constitutes a public nuisance per se. A decision of the license official shall be subject to appeal to council as herein provided. Denial shall be written with reasons stated.

Sec. 14-33. Suspension or revocation of license.

When the license official determines:

- (1) A license has been mistakenly or improperly issued or issued contrary to law;
- (2) A licensee has breached any condition upon which the license was issued or has failed to comply with the provisions of this article;

- (3) A licensee has obtained a license through a fraud, misrepresentation, a false or misleading statement, evasion or suppression of a material fact in the license application;
- (4) A licensee has been convicted of an offense under a law or ordinance regulating business, a crime involving moral turpitude, or an unlawful sale of merchandise or prohibited goods; or
- (5) A licensee has engaged in an unlawful activity or nuisance related to the business;

the license official shall give written notice to the licensee or the person in control of the business within the city by personal service or certified mail that the license is suspended pending a hearing before council for the purpose of determining whether the license should be revoked. The notice shall state the time and place at which the hearing is to be held, which shall be at a regular or special council meeting within 30 days from the date of service of the notice, unless continued by agreement. The notice shall contain a brief statement of the reasons for suspension and proposed revocation and a copy of the applicable provisions of this article.

Sec. 14-34. Appeals to council.

- (a) Any person aggrieved by a decision, final assessment, revocation, suspension, or a denial of a business license by the license official may appeal the decision to the city council by written request stating the reasons therefor, filed with the license official within ten days after the payment of the assessment under protest or notice of denial is received. Payment under protest shall be a condition precedent to appeal.
- (b) An appeal or a hearing on revocation shall be held by the city council within 30 days after receipt of a request for appeal or service of notice of suspension at a regular or special meeting of which the applicant or licensee has been given written notice, unless continued by agreement. At the hearing all parties shall have the right to be represented by counsel, to present testimony and evidence and to cross examine witnesses. The proceedings shall be recorded and transcribed at the expense of the party so requesting. The rules of evidence and procedure prescribed by council shall govern the hearing. Council shall by majority vote of members present render a written decision based on findings of fact and application of the standards herein which shall be served upon all parties or their representatives and shall be final unless appealed to a court of competent jurisdiction within ten days after service.
- (c) No appeal to a court of competent jurisdiction shall act as a stay or order of supersedeas of the decisions of council.

Sec. 14-35. Permission to use streets required.

It shall be unlawful for any person to construct, install, maintain or operate in, on, above or under any street or public place under control of the city any line, pipe, cable, pole, structure

or facility for utilities, communications, cablevision or other purposes without a consent agreement or franchise agreement issued by the city council by ordinance which prescribes the term, fees and conditions for use.

Sec. 14-36. Consent, franchise or business license fee required.

The annual fee for use of streets or public places authorized by a consent agreement or franchise agreement shall be set by the ordinance approving the agreement and shall be consistent with limits set by state law. Existing franchise agreements shall continue in effect until expiration dates in the agreements. Franchise and consent fees shall not be in lieu of or be credited against business license fees unless specifically provided by the franchise or consent agreement.

Sec. 14-37. Confidentiality.

Except in accordance with proper judicial order or as otherwise provided by law, it shall be unlawful for any official or employee to divulge or make known in any manner the amount of income or any particulars set forth or disclosed in any report or return required under this article. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the publication of statistics so classified as to prevent the identification of particular reports or returns. Any license data may be shared with other public officials or employees in the performance of their duties, whether or not those duties relate to enforcement of this article.

Sec. 14-38. Violations.

Any person violating any provision of this article shall be deemed guilty of an offense and shall be subject to a fine of up to \$500.00 or imprisonment for not more than 30 days or both, upon conviction. Each day of violation shall be considered a separate offense. Punishment for violation shall not relieve the offender of liability for delinquent taxes, penalties and costs provided for herein.

Sec. 14-39. Separability.

A determination that any portion of this article is invalid or unenforceable shall not affect the remaining portions.

Sec. 14-40. Classification and rates.

- (a) The alphabetical index in appendix A of this Code is a tool for classification, not a limitation on businesses subject to a license tax. A business class which is not listed in the alphabetical index shall be determined by the license official.
- (b) The license fee for each class of business shall be computed in accordance with the rates set forth in appendix A of this Code.

Secs. 14-41—14-50, Reserved.

DIVISION 2. RETAIL TELECOMMUNICATION SERVICES

Sec. 14-51. License tax.

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article, the business license tax for retail telecommunications services, as defined in S.C. Code 1976, § 58-9-2200, shall be at the maximum rate authorized by S.C. Code 1976, § 58-9-2220, as it now provides or as provided by its amendment. The business license tax year shall begin on January 1 of each year. The rate for the 2005 business license tax year shall be the maximum rate allowed by state law as in effect on February 1, 2005. Declining rates shall not apply.
- (b) In conformity with S.C. Code 1976, § 58-9-2220, the business license tax for retail telecommunications services shall apply to the gross income derived from the sale of retail telecommunications services for the preceding calendar or fiscal year which either originate or terminate in the city and which are charged to a service address within the city regardless of where these amounts are billed or paid and on which a business license tax has not been paid to another municipality. The measurement of the amounts derived from the retail sale of mobile telecommunications services shall include only revenues from the fixed monthly recurring charge of customers whose service address is within the boundaries of the city. For a business in operation for less than one year, the amount of business license tax shall be computed on a 12-month projected income.
- (c) For the year 2005, the business license tax for retail telecommunications services shall be due on February 1, 2005, and payable by February 28, 2005, without penalty. For years after 2005, the business license tax for retail telecommunications services shall be due on January 1 of each year and payable by January 31 of that year, without penalty.
- (d) The delinquent penalty shall be five percent of the tax due for each month, or portion thereof, after the due date until paid. (Ord. No. 2004-16, §§ 1, 2, 9-20-2004)

Sec. 14-52. Repeal of exemptions concerning business income from interstate commerce.

Exemptions in this article for income from business in interstate commerce are hereby repealed. Properly apportioned gross income from interstate commerce shall be included in the gross income for every business subject to a business license tax. (Ord. No. 2004-16, § 3, 9-20-2004)

Sec. 14-53. Non-interference with franchise agreements.

(a) Nothing in this article shall be interpreted to interfere with continuing obligations of any franchise agreement or contractual agreement in the event that the franchise or contractual agreement should expire after December 31, 2003.

(b) All fees collected under such a franchise agreement or contractual agreement expiring after December 31, 2003, shall be in lieu of fees or taxes which might otherwise be authorized by this article.

(Ord. No. 2004-16, § 4, 9-20-2004)

Sec. 14-54. Collection by state municipal association.

As authorized by S.C. Code 1976, § 5-7-300, the agreement with the Municipal Association of South Carolina for collection of current and delinquent license taxes from telecommunications companies pursuant to S.C. Code 1976, § 58-9-2200 in a form as established by the Municipal Association of South Carolina is approved, and the mayor is authorized to execute it. Notwithstanding the provisions of the agreement, for the year 2005, the Municipal Association of South Carolina is authorized to collect current and delinquent license taxes in conformity with the due date and delinquent date for 2005 as set out in this article and is further authorized, for the year 2005, to disburse business license taxes collected, less the service charge agreed to, to the city on or before April 1, 2005, and thereafter as remaining collections permit.

(Ord. No. 2004-16, § 5, 9-20-2004)

Sec. 14-55. Conflict; repealer.

All previous ordinances, or portions of ordinances, in conflict with this division are hereby repealed.

(Ord. No. 2004-16, § 6, 9-20-2004)

Secs. 14-56—14-64. Reserved.

ARTICLE III. PARADES AND PROCESSIONS

Sec. 14-65. Definitions.

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this article, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Chief of police means the chief of police of the city.

Parade means any parade, march, ceremony, show, exhibition, pageant, procession of any kind, rally, or demonstration, or any similar display in or upon any street, sidewalk, public place, park or other outdoor places owned or under control of the city.

Parade permit means a permit as required by this article.

Person means any person, firm, partnership, association, corporation, company, group, or organization of any kind.

Unit means a person, animal, vehicle or conveyance participating in a parade. (Code 1980, § 11-36; Ord. No. 1993-4, § 1, 7-12-1993)

Sec. 14-66. Violations.

It shall be unlawful for any person to fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of this article, or the terms and conditions of any permit issued hereunder. (Code 1980, § 11-48; Ord. No. 1993-4, § 13, 7-12-1993)

Sec. 14-67. Permit required.

It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in, participate in, aid, form, start, or stage any parade or procession on any of the streets or in any other public places without a special permit from the chief of police to do so; provided, however, that funeral processions and governmental agencies acting within the scope of their official functions are exempted from this article. (Code 1980, § 11-37; Ord. No. 1993-4, § 2, 7-12-1993)

Sec. 14-68. Application.

A person seeking the issuance of a parade or procession permit shall file an application with the chief of police on forms provided by the chief of police.

- (1) Filing period. An application for a parade permit shall be filed with the chief of police not less than seven days before the date on which it is proposed to conduct the parade and not less than 30 days before the date on which it is proposed to conduct the parade if the number of actual or anticipated participants exceeds 200.
- (2) *Contents.* The application for a parade permit shall set forth the following information:
 - The name, address, and telephone number of the person seeking to conduct such parade and the signature of the person or his authorized agent;
 - b. If the parade is proposed to be conducted for, on behalf of, or by an organization, the name, address and telephone number of the headquarters of the organization and of the authorized and responsible heads of such organizations; written authorization must be submitted by an applicant seeking a permit for another person;
 - c. The name, address and telephone number of the person who will be the parade chairperson or have responsibility for its conduct;
 - d. The date the parade is to be conducted;
 - e. The route to be traveled, to include the starting point and the point of termination;
 - f. The approximate number of persons who, and animals and vehicles which, will constitute such parade, the type of animals, and description of the vehicles; the composition and interval of space between units;
 - g. The hours when such parade will start and terminate;
 - h. The location by either street and block location or other reasonable physical description of any and all assembly areas for such parade, together with the time at which units of the parade will begin to assemble;

- i. The purpose of the parade, although there will be no refusal of a permit based on purpose alone, unless such purpose comes into conflict with the conditions and requirements hereinafter set forth under standards of issuance; and
- j. Any additional information which the chief of police shall find reasonably necessary to a fair determination as to whether a permit should be issued.
- (3) Late applications. Where good cause is shown therefor, the chief of police shall have the authority to consider any application hereunder which is filed in less than the required periods applicable for the size of parade proposed.
- (4) Application fee. A nonrefundable fee of \$25.00 to cover the expenses incident to filing, processing, and distribution shall be paid by the person applying for the permit at the time of the filing of the application.

(Code 1980, § 11-38; Ord. No. 1993-4, § 3, 7-12-1993)

Sec. 14-69. Standards for issuance.

- (a) The chief of police shall issue a permit as provided for hereunder when, from a consideration of the application and from other such information, reasonable and reliable in nature and in content as may otherwise be obtained, he finds that:
 - (1) The conduct of the parade will not substantially interrupt the safe and orderly movement of other traffic and will proceed along the prescribed route of march only once;
 - (2) The concentration of persons, animals, and vehicles at assembly points of the parade will not unduly interfere with proper fire and police protection, or ambulance service, or cause diversion of a number of police, fire, rescue or health personnel which would hamper normal health or safety services to the public;
 - (3) The conduct of the parade is not reasonably likely to cause congestion, excessive noise, injury to persons or property or to provoke disorderly conduct, riot, disturbance, or breach of the peace;
 - (4) The parade is not to be held for the sole purpose of advertising any product, goods, or event, and is not designed to be held purely for private profit. Provided, however, the prohibition against advertising any product, goods or event, shall not apply to signs identifying organizations or sponsors furnishing or sponsoring floats or transportation for the parade.
- (b) If the chief of police finds that the parade permit requested is both subsequent and similar in purpose and/or person to parades previously requested and held during the same calendar year and so unreasonably repetitious as to constitute an inconvenience to the public in its use of the parade routes and their contiguous places of business and of public use, access, and enjoyment, he may deny the application.

(Code 1980, § 11-39; Ord. No. 1993-4, § 4, 7-12-1993)

Sec. 14-70. Notice of rejection.

The chief of police shall act upon the application for a parade permit within three days after the filing thereof. If the chief of police disapproves the application, he shall mail to the applicant, by return receipt certified mail within three days after the date upon which the application was filed, a notice of his action, setting forth the reasons for his denial of the permit.

(Code 1980, § 11-40; Ord. No. 1993-4, § 5, 7-12-1993)

Sec. 14-71. Alternative permit.

The chief of police in denying an application for a parade permit shall be empowered to authorize the conduct of the parade with variances in either or all of the following: date, time, route, size, spacing, or duration if a compelling interest is involved. An applicant desiring to accept an alternate permit shall within three days after notice of the action of the chief of police, file a written notice of acceptance with the chief of police. An alternative parade permit shall conform to the requirements of and shall have the effect of a parade permit under this article.

(Code 1980, § 11-41; Ord. No. 1993-4, § 6, 7-12-1993)

Sec. 14-72. Appeal procedure.

Any person aggrieved shall have the right to appeal the denial of a parade permit to the city council. The appeal shall be taken within five days after receipt of the notice of denial. The city council shall act not later than its next regular meeting after receipt of the notice of appeal. The standards for issuance in this article shall apply on appeal and the rules of procedure shall be set by city council. Parties shall have the right to be represented by counsel, present testimony and evidence, and cross examine witnesses. Proceedings shall be recorded and transcribed at the expense of the requesting party. The decision of the city council shall be in writing with reasons stated.

(Code 1980, § 11-42; Ord. No. 1993-4, § 7, 7-12-1993)

Sec. 14-73. Notice to officials.

Immediately upon the issuance of a parade permit, the chief of police shall send a copy thereof to the following:

- (1) The mayor and council;
- (2) The city administrator;
- (3) The fire chief;
- (4) The ambulance service; and
- (5) All law enforcement agencies likely to be involved.

(Code 1980, § 11-43; Ord. No. 1993-4, § 8, 7-12-1993)

Sec. 14-74. Closing streets to normal traffic.

Any parade, procession, or other event which contemplates the closing of public streets to normal vehicular and pedestrian traffic must be approved by the city administrator.

Sec. 14-75. Contents of permit.

Each parade permit shall state the following information and conditions where applicable:

- (1) Name, address and capacity of responsible person;
- (2) Date, starting and ending times;
- (3) Starting point, route and ending point;
- (4) Number of units and space intervals between units;
- (5) Minimum and maximum speeds, and stopping conditions;
- (6) Limits on the portions of traversed streets to be occupied by the parade;
- (7) Limitations on types of units permitted;
- (8) Parking requirements for parade participants;
- (9) Staging area requirements;
- (10) Law enforcement escort requirements;
- (11) The following conduct requirements:
 - Except for military forces of the United States and law enforcement officers, no participants shall be armed with any weapon or carry any object which could be used as a weapon;
 - b. No participants shall use abusive or obscene language or gestures toward spectators, engage in disorderly or riotous conduct, make loud noises, injure persons or property, obstruct access to public or private property, disturb or breach the peace; litter or distribute commercial material;
- (12) Notice that the parade permit may be summarily revoked for violation of this article or permit conditions, or in event of emergency affecting public health or safety, in addition to appropriate legal action;
- (13) Notice that the responsible permit holder and participants engage in the permitted parade at their own risk as to persons and property; and
- (14) The requirement that the responsible person acknowledge receipt and acceptance of the permit and conditions by returning within three days to the chief of police a dated and signed copy of the permit provided.

(Code 1980, § 11-44; Ord. No. 1993-4, § 9, 7-12-1993)

Sec. 14-76. Possession of permit.

The parade chairperson or other person heading of leading such activity shall carry the parade permit upon his person during the conduct of the parade. (Code 1980, § 11-45; Ord. No. 1993-4, § 10, 7-12-1993)

Sec. 14-77. Public conduct during parades.

- (a) *Interference*. No person shall unreasonably hamper, obstruct, impede, or interfere with any parade or parade assembly or with any person, vehicle or animal participating or used in a parade.
- (b) *Driving through parades*. No driver of any vehicle shall drive between the vehicles or persons comprising a parade when such vehicles or persons are in motion and are conspicuously designated as a parade.
- (c) Parking on parade route. The chief of police shall have the authority when reasonably necessary, to prohibit or restrict the parking of vehicles along a highway or part thereof constituting a part of the route of a parade. The chief of police may post signs to such effect, and it shall be unlawful for any person to park or leave unattended any vehicle in violation thereof.

(Code 1980, § 11-46; Ord. No. 1993-4, § 11, 7-12-1993)

Sec. 14-78. Revocation of permit.

The chief of police shall have the authority to summarily revoke a parade permit issued hereunder upon violation of the standards of issuance as set forth in this article, or in the event of emergency affecting public safety or health.

(Code 1980, § 11-47; Ord. No. 1993-4, § 12, 7-12-1993)

Secs. 14-79-14-100. Reserved.

ARTICLE IV. ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE LICENSES

Sec. 14-101. Prohibited hours of operation.

All commercial establishments which have a permit allowing for the on-premises consumption of beer, ale, porter, wine, and/or alcoholic liquor shall be prohibited from operating between the hours of 2:00 a.m. and 6:00 a.m. on Mondays through Saturdays and said establishments must require all patrons to vacate the premises during said hours.

Sec. 14-102. Revocation of licenses for violation of section 14-101.

Should any person plead guilty, forfeit bon or be found guilty of any violation of section 14-101, the same shall be automatic revocation of the privilege or business license issued by the city.

Chapter 15

RESERVED

